Investigation the frequency of suicide attempts and its related factors among referrals to Imam Khomeini Hospital of Ardabil in 2018

**Abstract** 

Background and objectives: Suicidal bahaviour is a serious public health issue

and suicide attempt is considered as an important index in social health. In this

regard suicide attempt is defined as an incomplete action which has not ended in

death. Usually, suicide and suicide attempts are related. This Research studied

suicide attempts and its correlated factors.

**Methods:** The current study is a cross sectional descriptive one. In this study, 565

cases of suicide attempts which has occurred during 1397 and visited Ardabils'

imam Khomeini hospital were enrolled. Demographic and information related to

suicide attempts were gathered with Field method using archieve.

**Results:** of 565 individuals 260 (46%) were men. Mean age of individuals who

attempted suicide was 30.35±13.44 years and majority of cased were living at

urban areas. 33.45% of attempts occurred in individuals which had a history of

pschiatric illness and using medication was the most common way of suicide

attmept. Sedative hypnotics were the most common medications used in this way.

**Conclusions:** finaly it can be concluded that although in Ardabil socitey

prevalence of suicide attempts are more in women, the difference is not

considerable. Also, family issues and financial problems are 2 important factors in

suicide attempts.

**Keywords:** Suicide attempt, Suicide, effective factors on suicide