

Special Issue Of the

The 3rd International and 15th Iranian Nutrition Congress

Poster Presentations

FOOD INSECURITY IS ASSOCIATED WITH OBESITY AMONG ARDEBIL ADULTS

Mahsa Mohajeri¹, Ali Barzegar², Ali Nemati³

- 1. PhD student of food and nutrition policy, nutrition faculty, Tabriz University of Medical Sciences, Tabriz, Iran
- 2. Assistant Professor of nutrition, nutrition faculty, Tabriz University of Medical Sciences, Tabriz,
- Associate Professor of nutrition, nutrition faculty, Ardebil University of Medical Sciences, Ardebil, Iran

Email: mahsa.mohajeri.93@gmail.com

Background and Aim: The objective of our study was to examine the association between food stress and obesity using this question as a surrogate for food insecurity

Methods: Our analytic sample included 1230 adults from Ardebil. Food insecurity was determined by response (always/usually/sometimes) to the question, "Howoften in the past 12 months would you say you were worried or stressed about having enough money to buy nutritious meals?" T tests were used to compare prevalence differences between groups, and logistic regression was used to examine the association between food insecurity and obesity.

Results: the prevalence of obesity was 32.5% overall, 12.5% among food secure adults, and 20% among food insecure adults. Food insecure adults had 36% increased odds of being obese compared to food secure adults

Conclusion: Food insecurity was associated with obesity in the overall population . These findings are consistent with previous research and highlight the importance of increasing access to affordable healthy foods for all adults

Keywords: Obesity, Food insecurity, Food security, Adult