Evaluation of the causes and therapeutic results of traumatic

upper limb amputation in patients referred to Fatemi Hospital in

Ardabil in 2018-2019

Abstract

Background: Injuries are one of the important health problems that are important

to control and prevent in epidemiology and public health. Skeletal organs are an

important part of the body. Although a defect or loss may not endanger a person's

life, it has serious negative effects on his quality of life and can cause problems in

his daily work, work and economy.

Aim: To determine the causes and treatment outcomes of traumatic upper limb

amputation in patients referred to Fatemi Hospital in Ardabil

Matherials and Methods: The statistical population included all patients referred

to Fatemi Hospital in Ardabil with traumatic amputations. The number of samples

was 230. All admitted patients due to amputation were extracted from the hospital

information system in a total number over a period of two years and each case

was studied and entered into the data extraction sheet based on the objectives of

the data study. Gradually, the data entered the computer and were analyzed.

Results: The result was that men are significantly more prone to accidents. Most

accidents occur in the workplace and during working hours. Sensory disturbance

and infection are significantly greater in stump repair. There was no significant

difference in motor limitation and deformity. Generally, the complications were

less in V-Y plasty method.

Conclusion: Our study preferred to the V-Y plasty method.

Keywords: Amputation, Traumatic, Ardabil