Abstract

Introduction: Youth is one of the most significant periods of life from the point of view of

medicatioin abuse. Young people who use drugs in their early teenage years are more likely to use

drugs later in life, and the rate of direct use and associated difficulties and problems increases

steadily. Education and information is the most basic component first level prophylaxis, Therefore,

the present satudy asses the level of awareness, attitude and nessecity for further education of

medical students regarding medication abuse

Materal and methods: The information of 350 students was collected through a valid questionnaire

including three sections, students' personal and social characteristics, knowledge about the

consequences of drug abuse, including: opium, hashish, sedatives, etc., and students' attitudes

towards drug abuse. All data were assessed and finally analyzed by SPSS22 software.

Findings: The average \pm standard deviation of the age of the examined students was 25.57 ± 5.41

years. Major number of students (n=184 (52.0%)) had an Academic average of 15-17. In terms of

educational level, the most cases related to doctoral and undergraduate students 240 (68.6%) and

103 (29.4%) respectively.

Among the studied students, only 78 (22.3%) had a history of drug abuse among there family. The

mean ± standard deviation of students' knowledge and attitude regarding drug abuse was 92.88 ±

7.71 and 126.69 ± 14.25 respectively, There was an inverse and significant correlation between

knowledge and attitude with the age of students (P<0.001).

Discussion: The findings of the present study showed that medical students have an almost

acceptable awareness and attitude towards drug abuse, which is significantly (P<0.05), affected by

factors such as economic status, academic grade, parents' occupation, parents' education, having an

addict in the family, field of study and the place of residence, considering the consequences of drug

abuse today, the need for further training and education courses is still felt.

Key Words: Drugs - Abuse - Awareness - Attitude