Abstracts of the 15th

tohi Z², Alborzi M¹

44.49 educa

1. Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology Jahrom University of Medical Sciences, Jahrom, Iran

lows:

emple

2. Isfahan IVF Center, Isfahan, Iran

sexuation 5

Corresponding Email: nasrinakrami@ymail.com

58.89 fear c

Background: Applying modern method of infertility treatment must be necessarily based on the cultural and social norms of the community. The purpose of this study, is based on the deeper understanding of the perceptions and attitudes of infertile couples about the socio-cultural aspects of using modern technologies of embryo or egg donation.

Con test is tions that is and is and re inform

Materials and Methods: The data were collected from 110 anonymous visitors of infertility IVF Isfahan and Dr Rasekh clinic in Jahrom, and in Isfahan IVF Center and by completing Questionnaires that were randomly distributed among them. questionnaire consists of demographic and 12 other questions survey. The data was collected during summer 2013. Data were reported as frequency and percentage.

use o

follow

test o

lives

Results: The mean age of the responders was 29.5. The level of education range is from illiterate to graduate. 81% of them were housewives. The results of this study indicate: 57% responders don't pay attention to their child gender, 15%prefer adoption to donation.11% of people were fully aware of the laws of donations. 32% of the people insist that their children be not informed of his(her) birth with egg donation. 42% of people tend to correct genetic abnormalities in embryos or egg donation. 76% of people are requested to keep the treatment with eggs donation secret.70% of people express that they can love the offspring of egg donation as much as their own genetic offspring.

P-1 Rer

ich

Shal

Depa Med Corre