Abstract

This study aimed to determine the prevalence of the phenomenon of violence and its causes among high school students in Ardabil city have been completed. This research was field research and analytical-descriptive method is used. The study population included all students of the first, second and third high school in the city of Ardabil in 28,000 people using cluster sampling of some 350 girls and boys at the base of interest were selected and the questionnaire was broadcast. In this study, the students used a questionnaire which involve violence, street violence, verbal violence, violence, violence in the After collecting the questionnaires were analyzed using the software SPSS17. Cronbach's alpha of 0.79 was calculated for the items in the independent T-test and Anova test was used for analysis. Results The results showed that, because P <0/05 and the average score for students in different economic groups show significant difference. The economic status of the family as the prevalence of violence among students in Ardabil city were male and female. By age and sex also showed that the prevalence of violence among students is influenced by gender and age of students can have a significant role in the violence. The results showed that the slight look into the causes of violence (violence, addiction and parental education, social status, economic and residential area) causes of street violence in students' residential area (uptown and downtown) and the economic situation of the family. And the causes of domestic violence among students, their family status. The results showed, verbal abuse and behavioral causes of family economic status students. In general, the findings show that the most important factor in the spread of violence based on gender and age pupils and economic status can also be said that violence among students was influenced by gender. And more common in boys than in girls. The prevalence of each of the aspects of violence are covered by the study.